

# THE EVOLVING DYNAMICS OF ENGAGEMENT:

REALIGNING EXPECTATIONS AND  
ESTABLISHING SHARED TRUTHS



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Associate Designated Institutional Official, Trainee Advancement  
Director, Clinician Wellness Program



## DISCLOSURES AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

None

## SESSION OBJECTIVES

- Explore the evolution and interrelatedness of professionalism, engagement, and personal wellbeing in medical education
- Understand and support the disengaged learner
- Realign trainee and faculty expectations to support a culture of engagement

## VIGNETTE – 2<sup>ND</sup> YEAR RESIDENT

- Average medical knowledge and clinical judgment
- Has always met – never exceeded – the bar
- Concerns since starting 2<sup>nd</sup> year
  - Corner-cutting, lack of attention to detail, poor initiative
  - Shows up late, leaves early, inappropriate delegation
  - Recent ICU rotation
    - Nurses complained he was slow to answer pages, lacked urgency



# REMEDIATING PROFESSIONALISM MATTERS

## Longitudinal Milestone Assessment Extending Through Subspecialty Training: The Relationship Between ACGME Internal Medicine Residency Milestones and Subsequent Pulmonary and Critical Care Fellowship Milestones

Janae K. Heath, MD, MS, Tisha Wang, MD, Lekshmi Santhosh, MD, MA, Joshua L. Denson, MD, MS, Eric Holmboe, MD, Kenji Yamazaki, PhD, Alison S. Clay, MD, and W. Graham Carlos, MD

Academic Medicine, Vol. 85, No. 7 / July 2010

## Can We Predict "Problem Residents"?

Adam M. Brenner, MD, Samuel Mathai, MD, Satyam Jain, MD, and Paul C. Mohl, MD

## Annals of Internal Medicine

## Performance during Internal Medicine Residency Training and Subsequent Disciplinary Action by State Licensing Boards

Maxine A. Papadakis, MD; Gerald K. Arnold, PhD; Linda L. Blank; Eric S. Holmboe, MD; and Rebecca S. Lipner, PhD

*World Journal of  
Clinical Cases*

## Physician disruptive behaviors: Five year progress report

Alan H. Rosenstein

## Patient Complaints and Malpractice Risk

Gerald B. Hickson, MD

Charles F. Federspiel, PhD

James W. Pichert, PhD

Cynthia S. Miller, MSSW

Jean Gauld-Jaeger, MS

Preston Bost, PhD

**Context** A small number of physicians experience a disproportionate share of malpractice claims and expenses. If malpractice risk is related in large measure to such factors as patient dissatisfaction with interpersonal behaviors, care and treatment access, it might be possible to monitor physicians' risk of being sued.

## Disciplinary Action by Medical Boards and Prior Behavior in Medical School

Maxine A. Papadakis, M.D., Arianne Teherani, Ph.D., Mary A. Banach, Ph.D., M.P.H., Timothy R. Knetter, M.B.A., Susan L. Rattner, M.D., David T. Stern, M.D., Ph.D., J. Jon Veloski, M.S., and Carol S. Hodgson, Ph.D.

JAMA  
Network | **Open**

Original Investigation | Medical Education

## Trainee Physician Milestone Ratings and Patient Complaints in Early Posttraining Practice

Misop Han, MD, MS; Stanley J. Hamstra, PhD; Sean O. Hogan, PhD; Eric Holmboe, MD; Kelly Harris, MD; Eric Wallen, MD; Gerald Hickson, MD; Kyla P. Terhune, MD, MBA; Donald W. Brady, MD; Bruce Trock, PhD; Kenji Yamazaki, PhD; Jessica L. Bienstock, MD, MPH; Henry J. Domenico, MS; William O. Cooper, MD, MPH

# *The Unbearable Vagueness of Medical 'Professionalism'*

Since its inception, this murky term has straddled the dual role of disciplining and inspiring.

By Rachel E. Gross

March 19, 2024



The New York Times

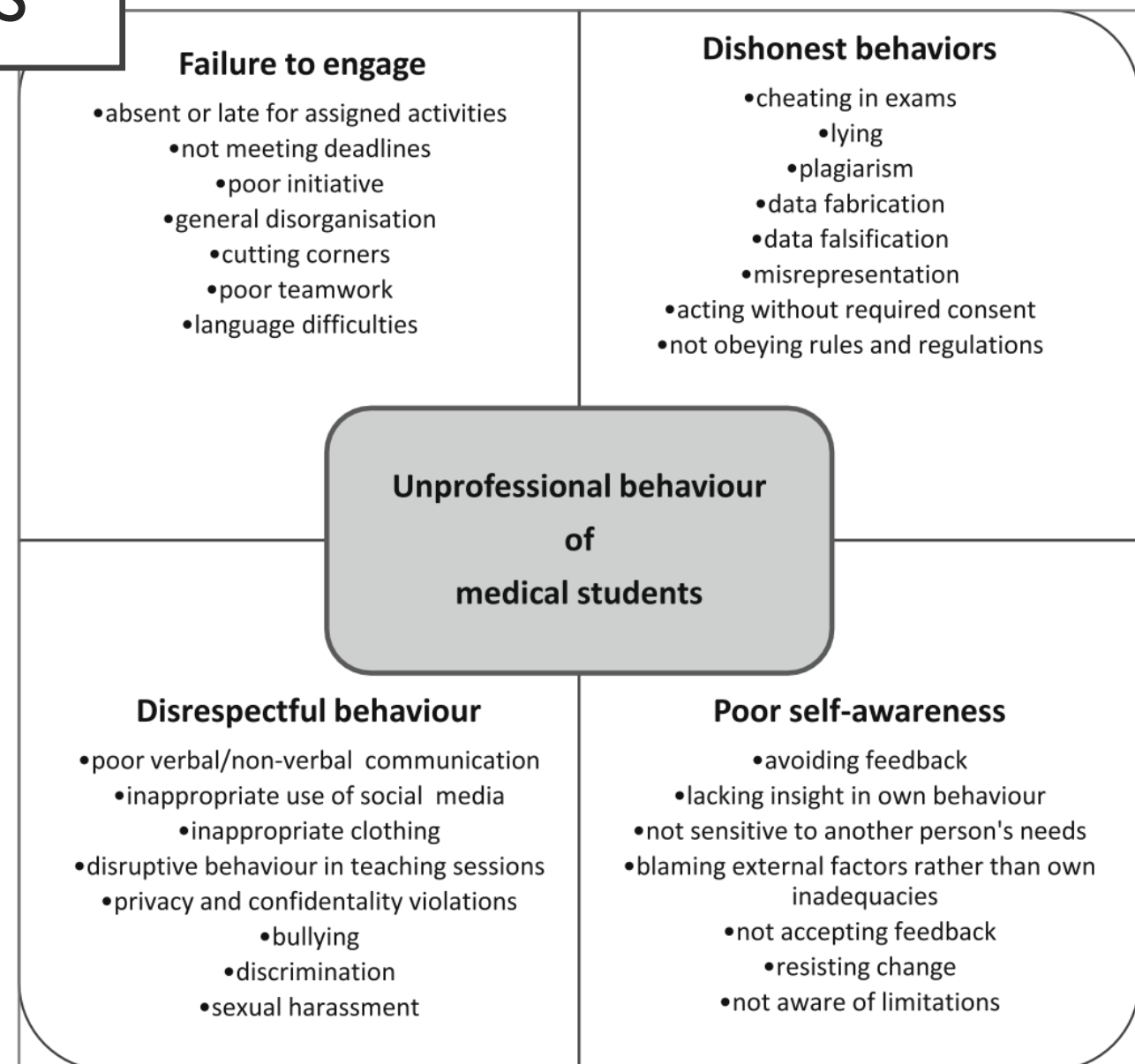
- Set of ideals?? List of dos and don'ts??
- Grey areas
  - Dress code, wellbeing and self-care
- Critical to have a working definition

# EVOLUTION OF PROFESSIONALISM FRAMEWORKS



# CHARACTERIZATION OF PROFESSIONALISM LAPSES

1. Failure to engage (Involvement)
2. Dishonest behaviors (Integrity)
3. Disrespectful behavior (Interaction)
4. Poor self-awareness (Introspection)





# THE DISENGAGED LEARNER

1. Failure to engage (Involvement)
2. Dishonest behaviors (Integrity)
3. Disrespectful behavior (Interaction)
4. Poor self-awareness (Introspection)

UVA/Penn Data  
2013-2023



253 residents &  
fellows referred  
for remediation

46%  
professionalism

74% failure to  
engage

## Failure to engage

- absent or late for assigned activities
  - not meeting deadlines
    - poor initiative
- general disorganisation
  - cutting corners
  - poor teamwork
  - language difficulties

## Dishonest behaviors

- cheating in exams
  - lying
  - plagiarism
- data fabrication
- data falsification
- misrepresentation
- acting without required consent
- not obeying rules and regulations

## Unprofessional behaviour of medical students

## Disrespectful behaviour

- poor verbal/non-verbal communication
  - inappropriate use of social media
    - inappropriate clothing
- disruptive behaviour in teaching sessions
  - privacy and confidentiality violations
    - bullying
    - discrimination
    - sexual harassment

## Poor self-awareness

- avoiding feedback
- lacking insight in own behaviour
- not sensitive to another person's needs
- blaming external factors rather than own inadequacies
  - not accepting feedback
    - resisting change
  - not aware of limitations



## THE DISENGAGED LEARNER

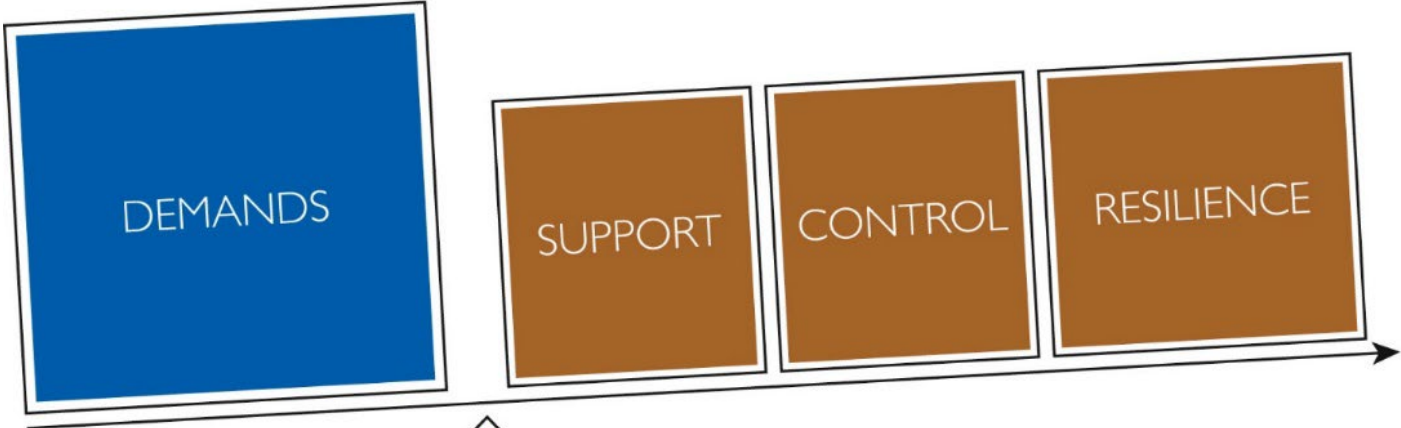
System factors

Personal factors

Disengagement is usually a symptom

SYSTEM  
THREATS TO  
ENGAGEMENT

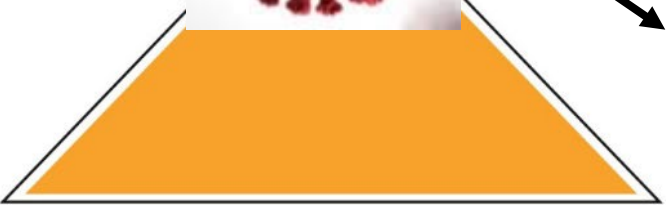
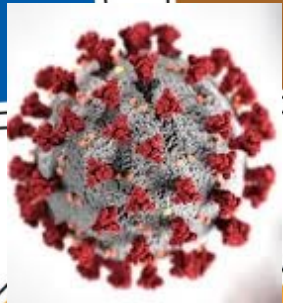
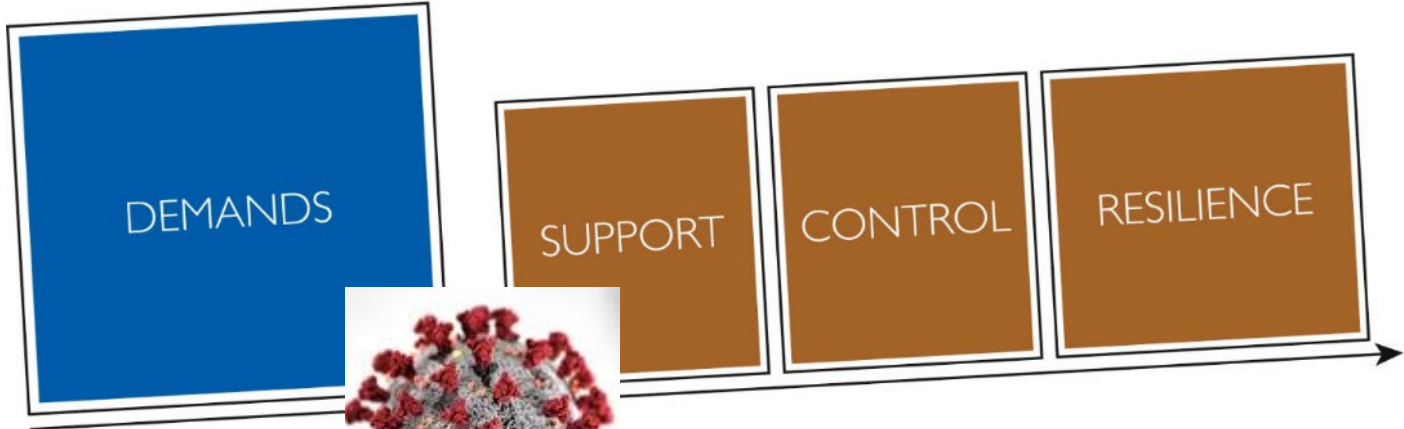
CLASSIC MODEL OF PHYSICIAN STRESS



SYSTEM THREATS TO ENGAGEMENT

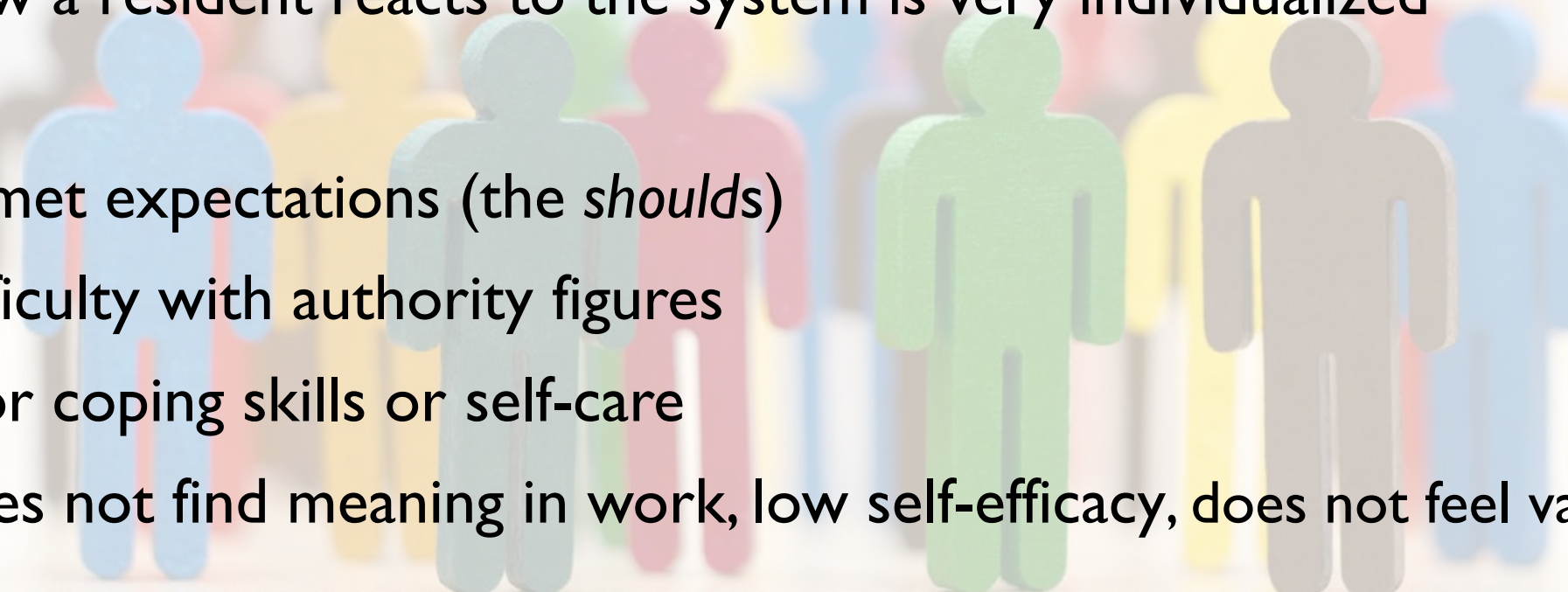


SYSTEM IN CRISIS

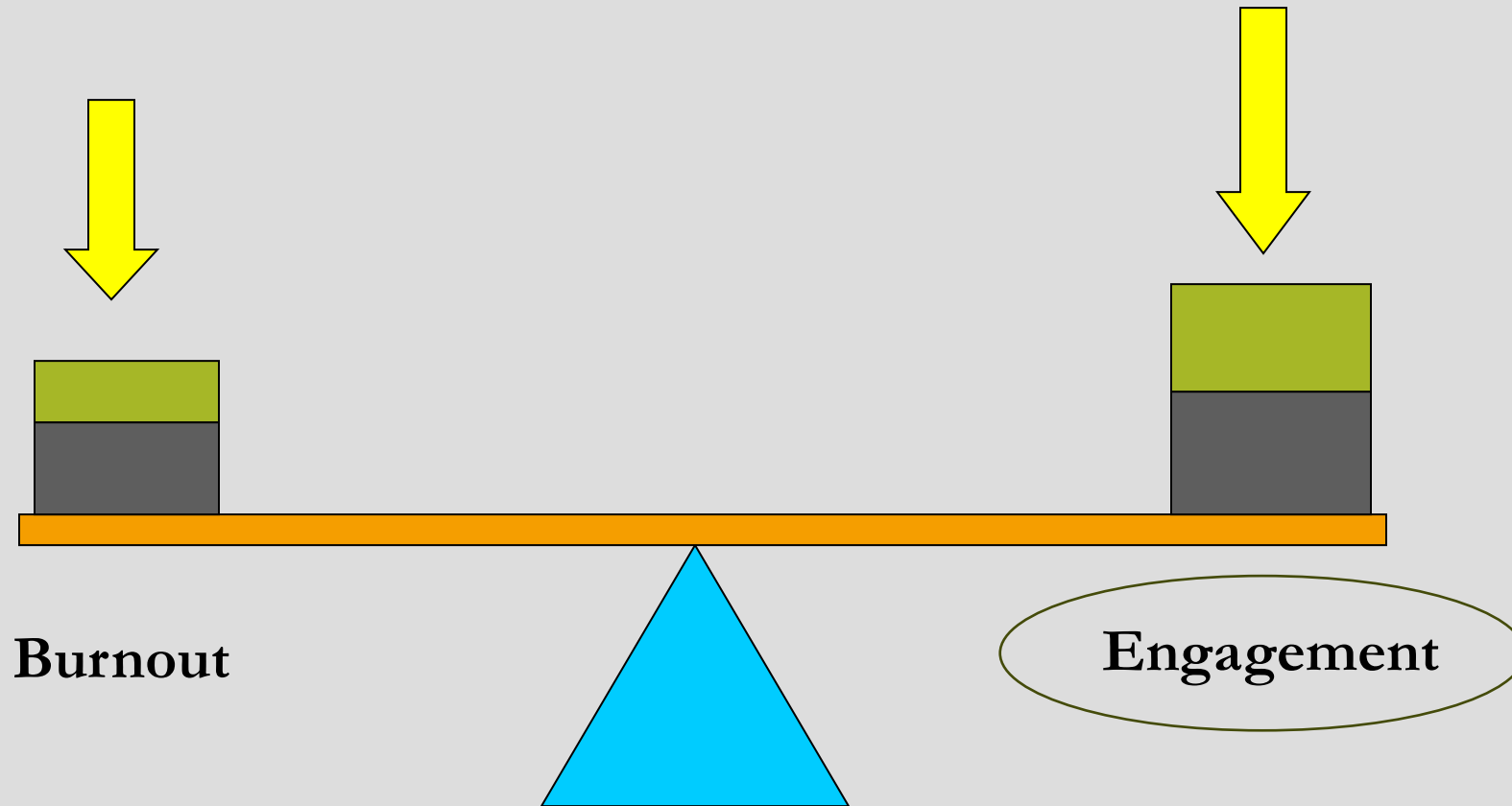


- Detachment
- Relative isolation

## PERSONAL FACTORS THAT IMPACT ENGAGEMENT

- How a resident reacts to the system is very individualized
  - Unmet expectations (the *shoulds*)
  - Difficulty with authority figures
  - Poor coping skills or self-care
  - Does not find meaning in work, low self-efficacy, does not feel valued
- 

# CULTIVATING A CULTURE OF ENGAGEMENT



*“...the positive antithesis of burnout...characterized by vigor, dedication, and absorption in work”*

*Shanafelt TS et al. Mayo Clin Proc 2017*





FACULTY MUST  
ACKNOWLEDGE

- Our training was different
- We may be struggling too



## THINGS HAVE CHANGED

The system has changed

Different demands, less control

Relative isolation

People have changed

Different mindset, lifestyles, values

More protective of personal time

More vocal about wellbeing needs





**THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.**

There's a question dividing the medical practice right now: Is being a doctor a job, or a calling?

# **Young Doctors Want Work-Life Balance. Older Doctors Say That's Not the Job.**

By Te-Ping Chen  
Nov. 3, 2024

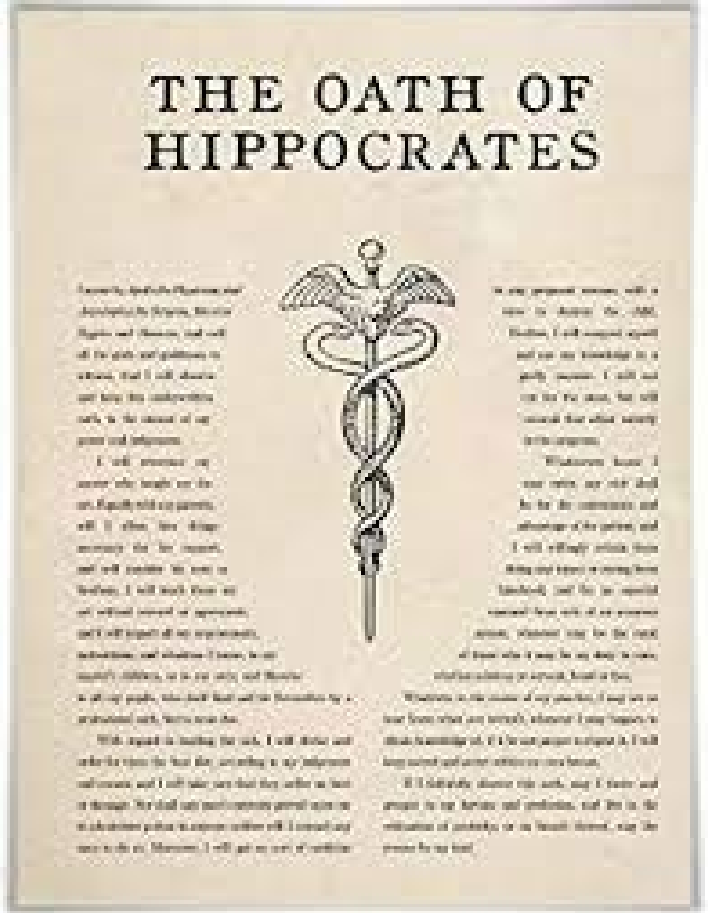
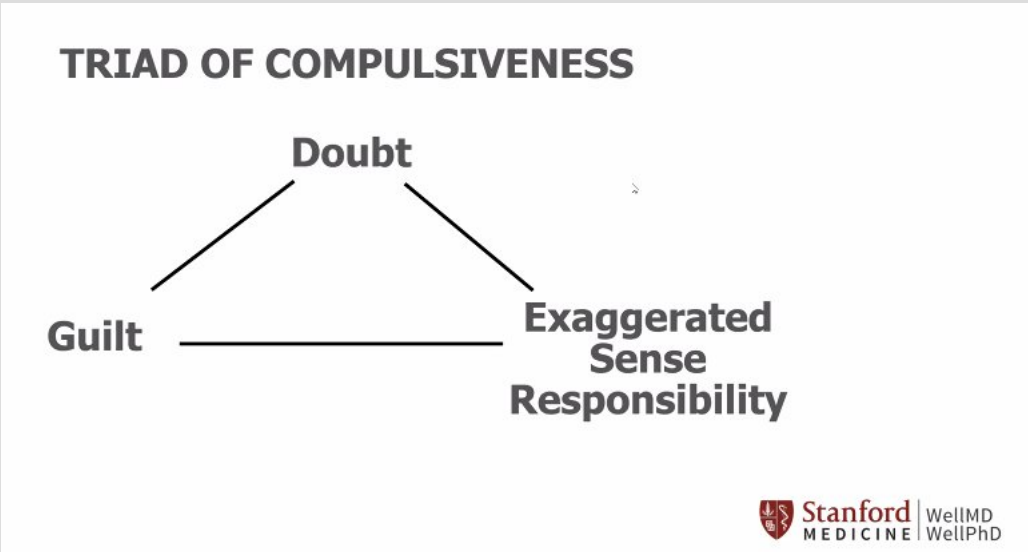
Physicians for generations accepted being at the mercy of their pagers. Now, many are questioning medicine's workaholic culture.



HOW DID WE GET  
HERE?

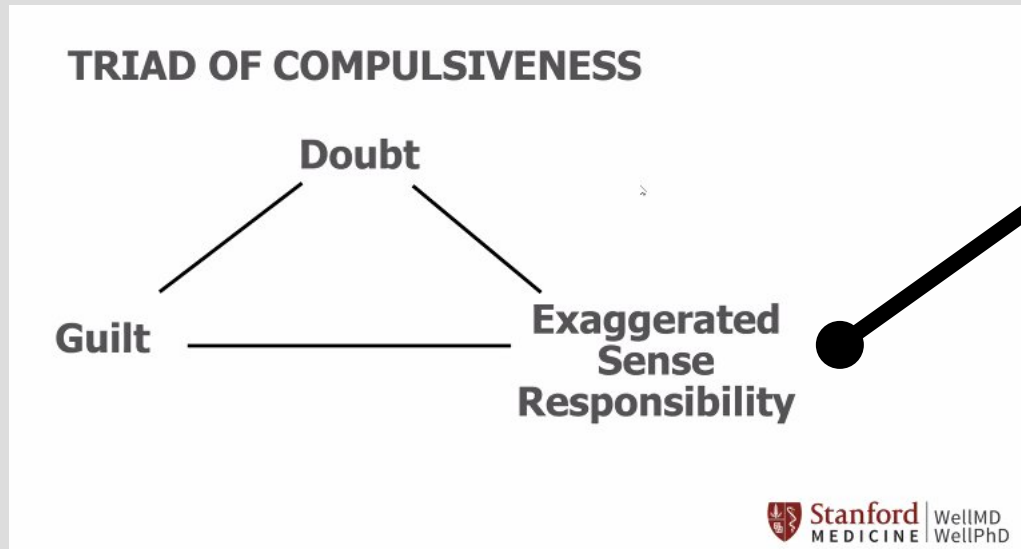
# EVOLUTION OF THE CONCEPT OF OWNERSHIP IN PATIENT CARE

- Traditional definition
  - Patient's needs above our own



# EVOLUTION OF THE CONCEPT OF OWNERSHIP IN PATIENT CARE

- Traditional definition
  - Patient's needs above our own
  - Idealized, unbalanced, unrealistic



Burnout Driver

# EVOLUTION OF PHYSICIAN WELLBEING

## Era of Distress

*“There has always been dysfunction and unwellness in medicine.”*

*Sinskey JL Anes Clin 2022*

Before 2005

Lack of awareness of  
physician distress

# EVOLUTION OF PHYSICIAN WELLBEING



*“Caring for the sick canary is compassionate, but likely futile until there is more fresh air in the mine.”*

*Schwenk T JAMA 2018*

Before 2005

Lack of awareness of physician distress

2005 - 2017

Efforts focused on the individual



# EVOLUTION OF PHYSICIAN WELLBEING

Era of  
Distress

Before 2005

Wellbeing  
1.0

2005 - 2017

Wellbeing  
2.0

2017 - current

*Reducing burnout and promoting engagement are the shared responsibility of individual physicians and health care organizations.*

MEDICINE AND SOCIETY

MEDICAL TRAINING TODAY

Debra Malina, Ph.D., *Editor*

**Being Well while Doing Well — Distinguishing Necessary  
from Unnecessary Discomfort in Training**

Lisa Rosenbaum, M.D.

*“It’s become almost cool to view  
being a doctor or medical training  
– and the demands that come  
with it – as a huge slight and  
unfair.”*

*-Chief Resident*

**HAS THE PENDULUM  
SWUNG TOO FAR?**





# IS THE GOAL TO AVOID DISCOMFORT ALTOGETHER?

## The Weaponization of Wellness

Rebecca Margolis DO FAOCA, Amy Vinson MD FAAP, Concetta Lupa MD, Stephanie Black MD EdM



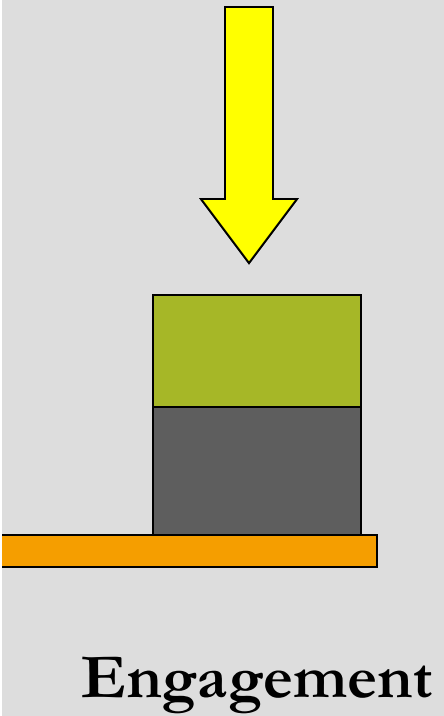
RON LITMAN  
MAR 19, 2024



*“As one highly regarded educator...mused, ‘I’m not here to make your fellowship easy...This is a hard job, and you have a lot to learn in a short period of time. I’m here to make sure you are supported through it..’*

*This pragmatic advice crosses the widening divides between professional duty, education, and personal well-being. At best, one can expect these three domains to coexist in some degree of tension, with balance being the goal. Like a three-legged stool, it works best when all three legs are equally strong and connected.”*

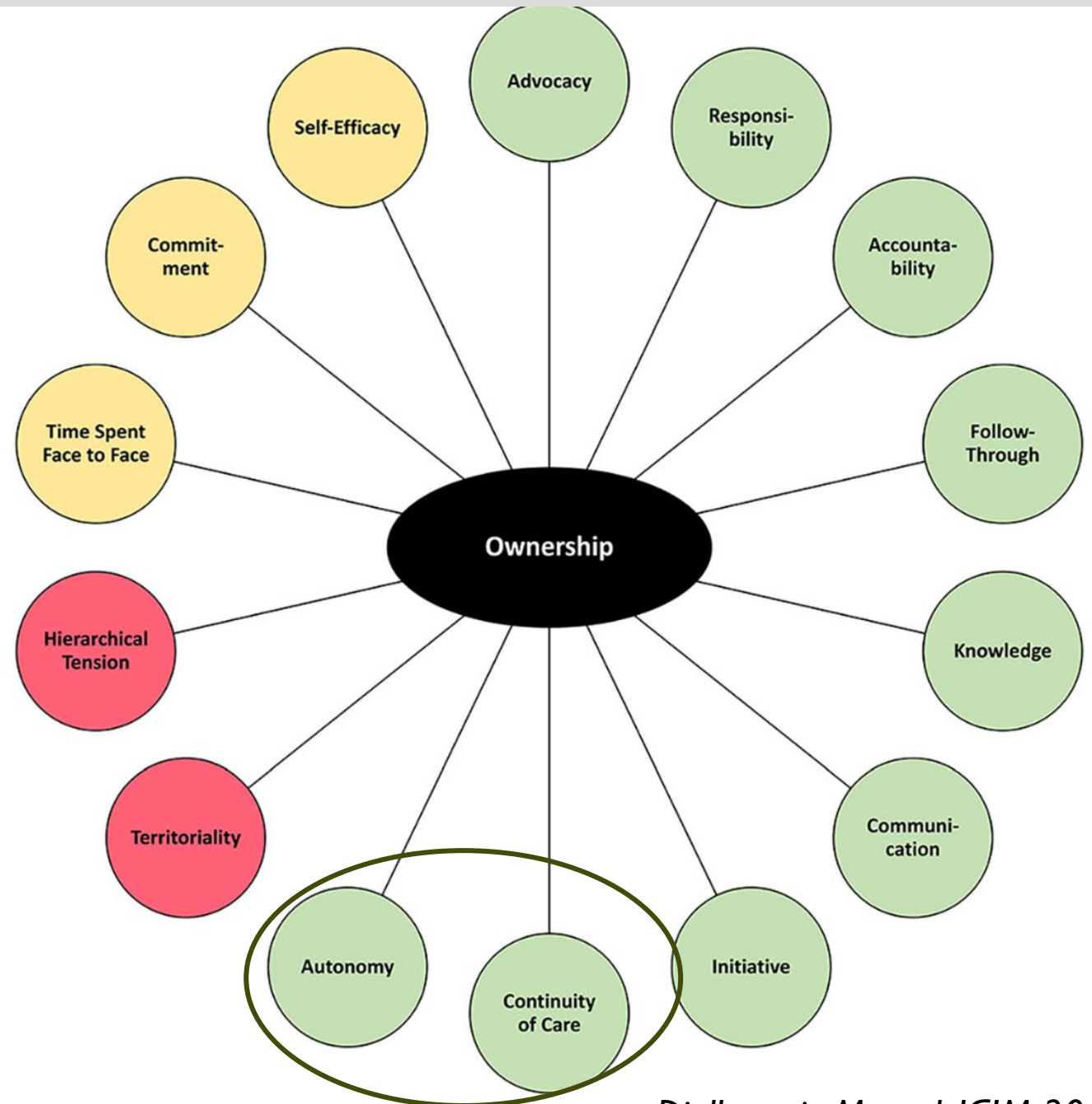
# CULTIVATING A CULTURE OF ENGAGEMENT



Realigning expectations and establishing shared truths

# OWNERSHIP IN MODERN MEDICINE

- No longer equates to self-sacrifice
- Positively correlates with engagement
- Requires continuity and autonomy
- Assessment strategies
  - Direct observation, self-assessment, multisource feedback, structured reflection



# REFRAMING SERVICE AND EDUCATION



*Park S et al. Can Med Educ J 2023*

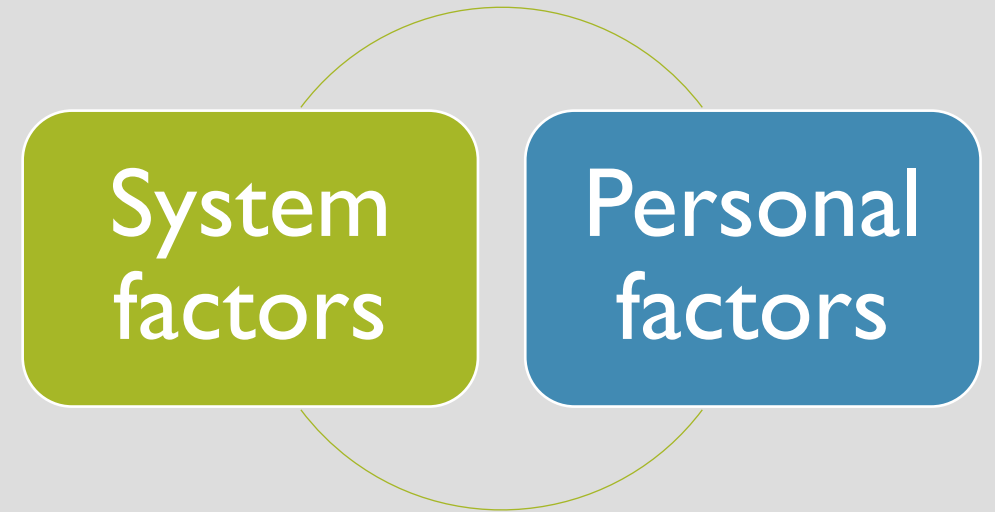
- A false dichotomy
- Learning happens all the time
- Service is a developmental part of education, part of caring for patients, and part of life as a physician
- Service should not be practiced mindlessly
  - Ex – discharge summaries
- Residents should not routinely perform nonphysician tasks

*Stoff BK et al. JGME 2017, Catalanotti JS et al. AAIM Perspec 2017, Sanfey H et al. Arch Surg 2011*



## REVISITING OUR DISENGAGED RESIDENT

- Average medical knowledge and clinical judgment
- Has always met – never exceeded – the bar
- Concerns since starting 2<sup>nd</sup> year
  - Corner-cutting, lack of attention to detail, poor initiative
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  - Recent ICU rotation
    - Nurses complained he was slow to answer pages, lacked urgency



## REMEDIATING PROFESSIONALISM

- Consider the context in which the behavior occurred
- Create a safe space for the learner to share their perspective and reflect
- Teach professional norms, or remove the barriers to following them

## The Biopsychosocial Context



# ARTFUL COMMUNICATION & RESPECT

- **Ask** the learner their perspective
- **Respond/Reflect** with empathy
- **Tell** your perspective
  
- **Respect** the learner's beliefs
- **Elicit** the learner's explanatory model
- Ask about **Social** context
- Share **Power**, empower them to generate solutions
- Express **Empathy**
- Address **Concerns** and fears
- Build **Trust**

Be curious,  
not judgmental.

- Walt Whitman

# PROFESSIONAL IDENTITY QUESTIONS

## CONNECT BEHAVIORS TO UNDERLYING GOALS AND MOTIVATIONS

### Self

1. How would you describe yourself? (e.g., medical student/resident, physician, researcher, spouse, parent, citizen)
2. Why did you go into medicine?
  - a. Did a role model influence you?
  - b. Do/did you have a picture of the ideal physician you wanted to be?
3. Why did you choose/are you planning to go into the specialty of \_\_\_\_\_?
  - a. What clinical and nonclinical traits does an excellent physician in that field need to have?
  - b. Do you have/are you working on acquiring those traits? How?
4. Who are your role models/mentors?
  - a. What desirable traits do they have that you don't have?
  - b. Are you working to acquire those traits? How?
  - c. Are you trying to behave as they do?
5. Where do you see yourself in 10 years?
  - a. What current behavior will help or prevent you from achieving those goals?
  - b. How will achieve those goals?

### Others

6. How do others see you?
  - a. Colleagues and supervisors (e.g., capable/incompetent, compulsive/laid back, hard worker/lazy, friendly/off-putting, experienced/novice, helpful/self-serving, caring/uncaring, truthful/liar)
  - b. Family and friends (e.g., medical professional/trainee, humble/arrogant, supportive/discouraging)

### Work

7. Do you treat medical school/residency/clinical practice as your job or as a calling?
8. What traits does a good employee have? (e.g., honesty, helpfulness, arrives on time, completes tasks, takes initiative)
  - a. Do you treat colleagues well? (e.g., cooperative, respectful, gives criticism gently, takes criticism well)
  - b. Do you present/treat yourself well? (e.g., clean and neat appearance, admits what they don't know, stays fit and well rested, takes time for self-reflection)



# DIALECTICAL APPROACH

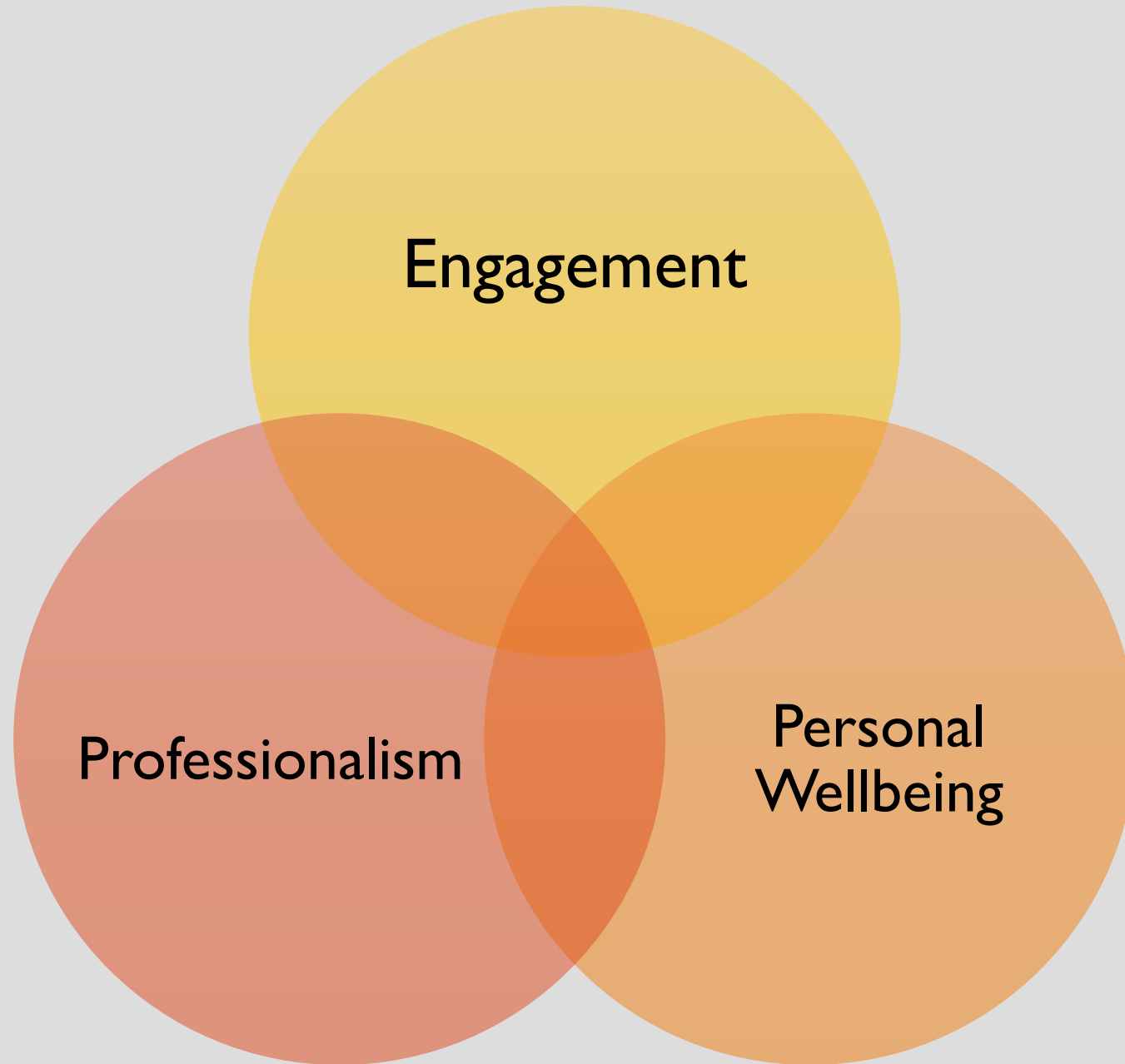


## Acknowledge competing realities

Expectations for professionalism do not change based on degree of wellbeing (exhaustion AND professional responsibility)

Limiting empathic distress by drawing boundaries (you care deeply for your patients AND you need to set limits to avoid burnout)

Disengaging to prove a point (you want to be viewed as a strong capable resident AND your disengagement is making it harder for others to see your potential)



**Engagement**

**Professionalism**

**Personal  
Wellbeing**

